

KELOWNA CLARION

AND OKANAGAN ADVOCATE.

VOLUME I.

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1905.

NUMBER 35

Your Choice

We still have several of the choicest corner and acre lots, and some fine residential lots for sale. Also 6000 Fir Posts.

Okanagan Fruit and Land Company, L't'd.
F. R. E. D'Hart, Manager.

The Big Store

SEEDS! SEEDS!

Now is the time to procure your Seeds while our stock is complete. All kinds of Garden Seeds in packages and bulk. Also Grass Seed in quantities including Lawn Grass Seed, Timothy, Red Clover, and Alfalfa. We also have on hand a quantity of Whale Oil Soap, Quassia Chips, Sulphur and Bluestone for spraying purposes. The only place to procure Carnefac Poultry and Stock Food.

Lequime Bros. & Co.

KELOWNA, B. C.

Penticton.

From Our Correspondent

L. C. Barnes' large implement and furniture store is rapidly nearing completion.

Contractor Boone seems to have his hands full. He has at least a half dozen buildings awaiting construction.

Messrs. Fleming and Jacques are making arrangements for the construction of a hardware store on the Shatford addition to Penticton.

The consecration of the Episcopal church opposite the residence of T. Ellis took place on Sunday last. Bishop Dart and Rev. Greene of Kelowna conducted the services while Mr. Ellis formally presented the church to the people.

Ellis St. residents after appealing vainly to the Government and the Penticton Townsite Co. for aid, are raising money privately for some much needed improvements to the street. Mr. A. K. Grant proved his public spirit by being the first to follow his words with deeds. As a result of his efforts a clear view of the street from one end to the other is now obtainable.

Consecration of the Church at Penticton.

On Sunday last, 26th inst., the Right Reverend J. Dart, D. D., Bishop of New Westminster and Kootenay, consecrated the church at Penticton. The hour appointed for the service was 11 o'clock, and the sacred edifice was filled with an attentive congregation. Following the ancient custom, Mr. Ellis met the bishop at the church door, and read the petition of consecration. His lordship having assented thereto, then proceeded to the altar attended by the Rev. Thomas Greene, Vicar of Kelowna, who acted as his chaplain. After the reading of the 24th Psalm, a hymn was sung. Then followed the service of consecration, and the sacred edifice was hallowed to the service of God by the name St. Saviour. The bishop gave a very earnest and eloquent address on worship, and was attentively listened to by an appreciative congregation. Miss G. Ellis presided at the organ, and the singing was hearty and congregational. Evensong was said at 5 o'clock, the Reverend Thomas Greene being the preacher. St. Saviour church, which is one of the prettiest in the diocese, is the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Ellis. It has a beautiful stained glass window to the memory of their second son, Thomas, who died a few years ago. Mr. Ellis will build a residence for the new Vicar, and give a handsome yearly subscription towards his stipend. Penticton, Summerland, and Peachland will form the new district, the latter places being separated from Kelowna for this purpose.

W. J. Docking paid a few days visit to Penticton last week.

S. Ball, formerly of Enderby, B. C. has taken a position in Crowley & Co's butcher shop.

Geo. Gartrell, of Summerland, passed through to Vernon on Saturday, returning on Monday.

Messrs. Hinkson and Newby returned from Penticton Saturday, after putting up a windmill at Stewart's hotel.

J. V. Gellatly, of Gellatly's Landing, came up on Saturdays boat and spent several days in Kelowna.

A considerable number of excursionists came in by Friday and Monday's boats and appear delighted with the country.

W. J. Rede, of Winnipeg, Man., Manager of the Canadian Co. operative Association was in town last week on tour through the Okanagan. He expresses himself as delighted with the country and climate, and contrasts the weather here with what he experienced on leaving the Prairie City.

The W. A. will meet at the home of Mrs. W. C. Cameron on Friday, April 7th.

C. G. Clement has bought a lot from T. W. Stirling with the intention of moving his present residence on it.

Mrs. Barnes, of Penticton, who has been an inmate of the private hospital her for several week, is reported seriously ill.

Rev. A. Henderson and wife left on Monday's boat for a few days visit at Peachland, Summerland and other points down the lake.

Millie & Co. have some beautiful diamond rings and also an assortment of watches just arrived. Get there for first choice. Engagement Rings, eh!

Mrs. Tatcher has artistically fitted up one of the apartments, in W. A. Hunter's block, as a millinery store and is now prepared to meet the wants of the district in the millinery line.

The executive of the Kelowna Lacrosse Club held a meeting on Monday evening and decided to give a concert next month, the date to be fixed at a meeting next Monday. The proceeds of the concert will be devoted to the clearing of the lacrosse grounds in the park, the money recently subscribed not being sufficient to complete the work. Communications have been received from Revelstoke favorable to the formation of a league, but, as yet, Kamloops and Vernon have not been heard from. The West End Lacrosse Club of Vancouver and the Vancouver Intermediates have written requesting the privilege of playing here, the former, in August and the latter in May or June. If satisfactory arrangements can be made, their requests will be complied with.

J. E. Gobel, of the Dept of Public Works, Ottawa, made a short call at Kelowna last week in connection with telephone construction. He has made a thorough inspection of the telephone line and stations between Kamloops and Penticton via Nicola, Hedley, Princeton, etc., and reports every thing working satisfactorily and the people pleased with the efforts Mr. Ross, M. P. has put forth to secure the desired connection. There seems to be a general expression of opinion in the lower country for connection with Kelowna and it is quite likely Mr. Gobel will recommend the extension of the telephone system from this point to Penticton. He left here on Saturday to inspect the line to Vernon, accompanied by H. H. Millie, government electrician at this place. He gives a favorable report of the system throughout, and is inclined to think that in addition to providing a source of communication with outside points, the line will probably prove remunerative from a financial standpoint.

Wanted

Experienced Brickmaker at once, to work on salary or by contract. Apply

BRICKYARD, ENDERBY, B. C.

For Sale.

2 One acre lots on Bernard Avenue. For terms Apply to

F. E. Campkin, Kelowna.

Strayed.

Onto the premises of the undersigned, one yearling steer, all red, no brand visible. If not claimed within 30 days will be sold by auction to defray expenses.

R. H. Stubbbs, Benvenuto.

Land for Sale

In Peachland, B. C.

The undersigned offers for sale all of lots 16, 17, 18 and 19, west of road between Peachland and Summerland, about 17 acres—the portion between road and lake at Camp Hewitt wharf reserved for business. This property is one mile from Peachland, a good, well finished, frame, plastered six roomed house on the premises. Good view of lake. Soil excellent and moist, has several springs and running water. Adjoining the most extensive fruit growing part of this district, could be divided into acre lots for private residences to suit purchasers. One residential lot now sold and occupied. Also 200 acres Crown granted choice bush land 6 miles from Peachland.

Peachland, March 27th, 1905.

R. M. McDOUGAL

BETWIXT DAD AND JOE

By JOHN SEATON BLAIR

Copyright, 1905, by T. C. McClure

No one around the frontier town of Lewisburg knew much of Dr. Davy. He had come into the locality without ostentation, taken up a claim four miles away and built a sod house, half above and half below ground. For a year he had dwelt there alone and had only come into town once a fortnight for provisions. He was called doctor because he was a doctor, though not seeking to ply his art, and no one was able to say just how his title came to be known. His next neighbor was a mile away, and travelers who stopped at his house for a drink of water or to inquire the way were treated with scant courtesy. There was considerable gossip about the stranger, and many people shook their heads and whispered that the officers of the law would turn up in search of him some fine day, but after awhile, as nothing was heard against him, he was put down as a recluse and left undisturbed.

It was a year or more after Dr. Davy's appearance that he came to town one evening to meet a young woman who stepped off the train from the east. The family resemblance was so marked that it was agreed by all that the newcomer was his daughter. She was hurried away as if the father feared to let the townspeople get sight of her, but it had needed only a glance to show that she was good looking and about twenty years of age. Her coming revived the gossip, but as she was not seen in town during the next three months she was in time forgotten by all with one exception. That exception was young Joe Taylor, who had been made sheriff of the county a year before and who was being talked of as a candidate for the legislature. He had only to accept a nomination to be elected, as he was a general favorite with all. He made it his business while scouting the country for horse thieves to call at the Davy cabin, and he was the first and about the only one to see the daughter Mollie in her own home and to be hospitably received by the father.

If he had any curiosity to gratify as an officer of the law he was disap-



A RIFLE CRACKED, AND HE PITCHED FORWARD ON THE GRASS.

pointed. The doctor was free to talk, but not about himself nor his past. He was made welcome by the daughter, but he could not question her as a suspect.

He called three or four times "by accident," but after that he was a weekly visitor from choice and invitation. In time he was quite ready to acknowledge to himself that he was in love and to hope that his feelings were reciprocated. He was feeding up his courage to speak his mind when something happened to make him turn pale and set his heart to thumping. As sheriff, he received an official document by mail one day in which he was commanded to arrest one Dr. James Bird as an embezzler. It was Bird instead of Davy in the warrant, but the personal description fitted the man who was living out on the prairie with his daughter. His offense had been committed many years before, but the complainant had kept the warrant alive and followed the embezzler's trail like a bloodhound. The demand was that he be arrested and securely held until extradition papers could be secured, and as even the locality in which he was in hiding was pointed out the sheriff realized that he must do his duty if it broke a woman's heart.

An hour after receiving the letter he was on his way to the doctor's place. All the way out there he was hoping

that the doctor might have been given a hint and fled or, if he had not, then that he might have indisputable evidences of his innocence at hand. His face betrayed his perturbation of mind to the girl the instant he dismounted at the door. She was alone, and as she stood forth in the June sunshine and looked up at him she quietly said: "Mr. Taylor, I know your errand here. You have come to arrest my father on the old charge."

"They—they have sent on this warrant!" stammered Joe, as he handed it to her to read. "But I'm hoping that

your father is far away by this time. He is down at the lake fishing. We had hoped that this matter was dead at last, but it seems that the man desires a malicious revenge. It says embezzlement."

Joe nodded his head as he looked away over the prairie.

"But it is false. It was a partnership business, and the other man was seeking to cheat father and fell into his own trap."

"It was likely that way," nodded Joe. "But father even restored the money after awhile, all but a paltry sum. He would also have restored that, unjust as it was, but he has been hounded and driven till he has become desperate and determined. Is that wretch to follow him to his grave?"

Joe sat down on the ground and dropped his chin on his hands and appeared to be thinking. The girl had put the warrant back into his hands, and there was a sob in her throat as she turned and entered the house. It was a quarter of an hour before she reappeared. Joe looked up into her face with eyes telling of sympathy and love, and a blush came to her cheek as she asked:

"Well, what are you going to do about it?"

"It's going—it's going to be the hardest thing of my life," he replied, "but I've got to do my sworn duty. I must do it or stand impeached. Girl, you don't know."

"Joe," she interrupted, calling him by that name for the first time, "a girl knows when she is loved."

"Yes, she ought to, and you ought to know that I love you."

"I do, Joe, and I love you in return, and you will break my heart if you drag my old father to jail. Say that you won't do it—that you will leave the warrant unserved."

"Duty, girl," he whispered as he rose up and put his arms around her and kissed her for the first time.

"Then you will arrest him?"

He kissed her again and turned away toward the lake, looking at the paper in his hand through tears in his eyes. He had not taken a hundred steps, however, before a rifle cracked, and he pitched forward on the grass. His horse would have dashed off at the sudden report, but it was secured by the girl.

"How did it come about?" asked the doctor, who had hurried home at the report of the rifle and found his daughter standing over a wounded and unconscious man.

"He—he started to the lake to find you, and a gun went off!" replied the girl between her sobs.

"And—did he have any legal paper with him?" queried the father in a whisper.

"If he had, it has been burned. Tell me, father, is he fatally wounded?"

"No. The bullet plowed along his scalp, and he will be all right in a week. I will load up the wagon, and we must move on and find another asylum."

"But the man—Mr. Taylor—Joe?" she asked.

"We shall take him with us. He will need my skill and your nursing for some days to come."

It was two weeks later when the sheriff opened his eyes and saw Mollie Davy seated near his bedside. The old claim had been left a hundred miles behind and the abandoned cabin of a settler had been taken possession of. Joe Taylor had been nursed and tended through fever as the wagon rolled along.

"Mollie, I take it that it was betwixt dad and me?" he said as she saw that he had come back to earth again.

"It was, Joe," she replied. "But, now?"

"But now it's betwixt you and me, and as soon as I can shake myself together I'll fix things so that you won't have to do any more moving. Thanks, dear, that you shot a little too high!"

Mushrooms.

Mushrooms, even cellar grown ones, which are everywhere to be had in large quantities, however good and genuine they may be, may develop a violent poison a few hours after they are picked. They are generally safer, however, than the wild mushrooms. The latter, though the genuine article, will sometimes absorb poison from the spawn of dangerous fungi which lie in the ground they grow in and be as deadly as any toadstool; in fact, a great many of the deaths reported every year as caused by toadstools mistaken for mushrooms are caused by the true mushroom which has absorbed poison. Out of a single field one batch of mushrooms may be excellent and others not fifty yards away perfectly poisonous. Yet there will be no difference in appearance, and both will

peel and show all the marks of the genuine article. There is one test which is generally safe—put a silver spoon among the mushrooms when they are frying, and if it turns black reject them; also if they show a yellow tint round the edges throw them away.—London Standard.

No Inventors Among Animals.

It has been said by a writer of nature books that a coon will amputate its wounded foot and treat the stump in a rational way to allay the inflammation. If one coon will do this, then all coons will do it under like conditions. The same writer avers that he has seen a woodcock with a broken leg mend the leg with a cast made of clay and dry grass. Then will all woodcocks with broken legs do the same thing. Exceptional intelligence of so extraordinary a character does not occur among the animals. If one fox has been known to catch crabs with his tail, then will all other foxes, under the stress of hunger, where crabs abound, fish with their tails. An animal will not do anything which necessity has not taught its progenitors to do.—John Burroughs in Independent.

Importance of the Dairy Bull.

Where the buyer of dairy cattle has the yield of milk in view it behooves him to bear in mind that this is a matter that depends on the sire as well as on the dam. A good milk cow will not be the mother of good milk cows if the bull has not also belonged to a race of good milkers. This is a principle of breeding that deserves more attention than has hitherto been paid to it.—Professor Hansen of Bonn, Germany.

Why He Waited.

On a certain occasion Henry Ward Beecher's church was crowded to the doors. But Beecher unexpectedly had been called out of town, and in his place in the pulpit there sat a beardless, black clad youth—a youth who is today one of the most powerful preachers in America. But this youth, fresh from college, was unknown then, and the great congregation had come to hear Beecher and not him. Consequently as soon as he arose and announced that he was to preach in Beecher's place the people began to drift out. First one went, then two, then a half dozen, and the young man stood watching this dispersal from the pulpit. It was a trying moment, and yet there sat on his youthful face a smile singularly composed. Out the people tiptoed, and he waited, saying nothing, for almost five minutes. Then he said, as if in explanation of his silence, "We will not begin this public worship until the chaff blows off."

Witchcraft.

Three centuries ago the great statute of James I. came into operation. It made felons without benefit of clergy all who "shall use, practice or exercise any invocation or conjuration of any evil and wicked spirit, or shall consult, covenant with, entertain, employ, feed or reward any evil and wicked spirit to or for any intent or purpose, or take up any dead man, woman or child out of his, her or their grave or any other place where the dead body resteth, or the skin, bone or any part of any dead person, to be employed or used in any manner of witchcraft, enchantment, charm or sorcery, whereby any person shall be killed, destroyed, wasted, consumed, pined or lamed in his or her body or any part thereof." Under this act witches were executed for more than a century.



At the meeting of the State Dairy-men's association at Durham, N. H., Professor W. D. Gibbs of the college experiment station said that he had been studying the question of economically feeding the milk cow. He had as rations to choose from corn stover at \$8 per ton, red clover at \$12, ensilage at \$3, timothy hay at \$18, bran at \$22, linseed meal at \$30, cornmeal and gluten meal and oats each at \$31. From these he could compound several desirable rations, but most of them cost more than the product of an ordinary good cow would pay for. He estimated that her product should be twenty pounds of milk a day, worth 1 1/4 cents a pound, or 80 cents a day. But with eighteen pounds of corn stover, forty pounds of ensilage, one pound of bran, two of cornmeal and three of cottonseed meal he had a mixture that would keep a cow in good condition at a cost of 20 cents a day. In this ration he has not taken into consideration the making of any gain in flesh or the value of manure, both of which would be increased by giving a part of red clover instead of so much corn stover, without greatly increasing the cost of ration.

How Often Shall We Feed?

Cows appear to give better results when fed twice a day than when fed more frequently. When fed so frequently as three or five times a day they are up on their feet straining and worrying for their feed some time before it gets to them. Investigations have recently taught that an animal is using energy when standing that if lying might go to some other use. Ruminants have large stomachs, and the more quickly the stomach is filled and the animal lies down, contented and satisfied, the better the returns will be for the owner. It is well understood it will cost less and be more convenient to feed the ration in two feeds than oftener.

Feeding Fresh Cows.

In answer to a correspondent's question regarding the amount to feed fresh cows Hoard's Dairyman says: Thirty pounds of silage, 15 pounds of clover hay and 4 pounds each of bran and gluten feed would contain nearly 28 pounds of dry matter, but little less than 3 pounds of digestible protein, over 13 pounds of digestible carbohydrates and seven-tenths of a pound of digestible fat. This is very heavy feeding, more, we should suppose, than any, even extra large, cows could be induced to eat and much more than the average cow can eat with profit. We are of the opinion that 30 pounds of silage, 10 pounds of clover hay and not to exceed 6 pounds of grain would be ample as an average allowance for these cows. At all events we do not hesitate to advise trying the result of reducing the allowance with a portion of the herd. If with reduced feed there is a reduced milk supply, the evidence would seem to warrant going back to the original allowance.

Caused Abortion.

Several years ago we had a great quantity of muskmelons and watermelons, citrons and cucumbers, which we cut in small pieces and fed to three milk cows and were very much pleased with the result, says a correspondent of Rural New Yorker. But after about two weeks we found that with one of the cows an abortion had been produced, and it immediately occurred to

me that it must have been the seeds. My uncle was a veterinary surgeon, and I asked him if my surmise was correct, and he said: "Yes; in all probability it was the seeds. It is a well known fact in the study of medicine that any food or medicine that acts powerfully on the kidneys also affects to a greater or less extent the generative organs." Three years ago we raised a great quantity of squashes, and after gathering what were good we turned the cows into the field, and they ate them, as many as they pleased, but with the same result.

Forming Habits.

If a cow does not show a strong inclination to go dry within two months of the time she is expected to drop a calf, her feed should be as light as will keep her in fair flesh. She should have no grain feed, and she should not be milked dry, but less and less and less often. On the other hand, if a young cow shows an inclination to go dry too soon, make every effort to prolong her milking period by more succulent food and reasonable increase in the grain ration. Remember that the habits permitted with first calf have a tendency to repetition thereafter.

Feeding Twice a Day.

At a recent dairymen's meeting attended by the writer one of the speakers, a very practical and successful man, advised feeding cows only twice a day, since he had seen the plan employed with results just as good as when the cattle had three meals and with a considerable saving in labor. Yet the speaker confessed that he still fed his cows three times a day, merely because he feared that a change would cause temporary shrinkage in the milk yield. But there is no need to fear such effects, says American Cultivator. The writer made the change from three to only two feedings without, so far as could be observed, losing a single quart of milk. It was done gradually in about four days, making the noon meal lighter each day and increasing the other feeds until the change was made before the cows knew what was being done. A cow's stomach is very large as compared with that of a horse or of a human being, and she can easily hold enough to last twelve hours. Water should be given in the forenoon. The two feed plan is quite a labor saver.

Why a French Author Wept.

It is told of the French romance writer La Fontaine that his wife once found him at his desk weeping bitterly. To her solicitous inquiry he explained that it was the woes of his favorite hero which caused his tears.

"But," she said, "why not put an end to them?"

"Oh, it is too soon to do that," he sighed. "I am still in the first volume."

Eugenie and the Cholera.

When Napoleon III. was at the zenith of his power there was a terrible outbreak of cholera in France. Every day the Empress Eugenie visited the hospitals to do what she could by superintendence and example to forward the noble work of allaying the sufferings of the stricken. One morning a parish priest rushed into the ward where the empress was ministering to a dying man.

"Oh, your majesty," said the priest, "two hours ago my curate was breaking fast with me, and now he is dead!"

The empress smiled calmly. "That is well," said she.

"Well?" echoed the priest.

"Yes, it is well. When once cholera becomes as violent as this it ceases." The empress was right. From that day the plague abated.

Free, to any Woman who bakes her own Bread

Thousands of women are writing in every week for the "Royal Household" Recipes—they explain the new and easier way of making bread. Make a trial with the new Royal Household Flour, which is purified by electricity—you would not believe there could be such a difference in flour—these receipts are certainly worth asking for. Send a postal card to-day.

HERE IS JUST ONE TESTIMONIAL OUT OF MANY THOUSANDS RECEIVED.

SAVANNAH, THREE MILE CREEK, B.C. November 28th, 1904.
I have been using your flour exclusively since I came to Canada, fourteen years ago, and have been using "Royal Household" since its introduction. To show you how I value it, my grocery lately could not supply me with it, and rather than use another brand, even temporarily, I sent to Kamloops, twenty-five miles away, and had it shipped to me per C. P. R., preferring to pay the railway charges rather than use an inferior brand. In fact, if I could not get it otherwise, I would ship it direct from the mills. I can always rely on having good bread when using it and nothing tends more to keep harmony in a home.
(Signed) MRS. T. SMITH.

THE OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED
MONTREAL

William Symington, manager and director of the West Indian Fruit syndicate, and Dr. T. Murray were accidentally run over and killed on December 30 by a freight train in Port of Spain.

WESTERN CANADIAN EDITORS.

A series of articles describing their lives, their aims and their influence.

No. 20.

JOHN S. BRUNDIGE



JOHN S. BRUNDIGE

Editor and Proprietor of the Miami Herald.

In this series of life sketches of the men who are the public recorders, and to a large and increasing extent, the moulders of public opinion, throughout the Canadian West, three characteristics are observable in them as a class—first and primarily, their youth; second, their enterprise, and third, their energy.

Journalism is pre-eminently a profession for young men. For one man engaged therein who has passed five and thirty of life's milestones there must be many who are less than that age. Perhaps it is because, like the somewhat kindred profession of teaching, newspaper work is often regarded, by those engaged therein, not as a life-work, but as a temporary means of securing, amid attractive surroundings, a life training in law, medicine, or some other occupation. Another reason may be that newspaper men, who of necessity come into touch with business men who instantly appreciate ability, are drafted off into other lines of activity, by a continuous absorption carried out through more tempting remunerative rewards. And, after a few years the glamor of newspaper work largely wears off to the men who are in the business, and the steady "grind" of daily work becomes more and more the outstanding feature of the life. For newspaper work is a "show-down" day by day. The good editorial in last week's issues, or the big "scoop" made yesterday, won't avail anything to-day if your competitor gets or has the better news service. A newspaper differs from a bank in that it can have no "rest," no "reserve." A grocer who deals honorably by his customers increases their number, and after a time can leave all details to subordinates, and secure a good income while enjoying a well-earned rest as the result of honest dealing. So can a lawyer with his clients, and almost every other profession or business. But with the editor it is not so. Yesterday's success cannot atone for to-day's failure. The reading public consider nothing but the issue they are reading; they do not relate it to its predecessors. Hence, as many an old newspaper man has remarked, when he was weary of the forced gait he had to maintain to keep abreast of younger and more energetic men—"The newspaper business is a good business—to get out of."

The Canadian West, like every other young country, is essentially the land of opportunity for young men. Newspaper work, as before noted, being in an especial degree a young man's profession, it is to be expected that in Western Canada the men controlling the press would in average age be much below those in other parts of the continent. This is remarkably true. "Boy editors" are not phenomena in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories, as they are elsewhere. Mere lads who have not attained their majority are frequently found in charge of papers whose influence and importance are in inverse ratio to the age of those in whose charge they are found. Some of the men who cut the largest swath in the West at the present time were editors before they were out of their teens. Walter Scott, M.P., and J. J. Young, M.L. are well known cases in point. And there is at the present time no lack of men as young as they, when first they began to make their mark, who promise to become equally prominent—men who display the same energy, thoroughness, tact and enterprise as those who have writ their names large on the tablets of western progress. Such a one is John S. Brundige, of the Miami Herald.

Those whom neglected coughs have killed were once as healthy and robust as you. Don't follow in their paths of neglect. Take

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

The Lung Tonic
right now. It is guaranteed to cure. It has cured many thousands.

Prices: S. C. WELLS & Co. 308
25c. 50c. \$1. LeRoy, N. Y., Toronto, Can.

Mr. Brundige has just reached man's estate, as recognized by law, being 21 years of age. At a time when most men are looking around to discover their aptitudes, and to select their life work, he has "found himself," has done much good in his chosen profession, and made a personal record that stamps him as one whose future career will be well worth watching. He has served in every grade of both the mechanical and editorial branches of newspaper work, and by his own ability and industry has promoted himself in all of them. He reached the rank of foreman in the same office which he "devilled" and did this in the brief space of four years. The mere recital of this fact is testimony sufficient as to his energy. Perhaps such a record is unique in the craft. From washing printing rollers to writing editorials—he has described the whole of the wide arc, and in a period of time almost unparalleled in its brevity. "Devil," apprentice, journeyman, printer, foreman—reporter, editor, proprietor—and all between May 16, 1900, and the fall of 1904! Mr. Brundige's friends say that "push" and enterprise are his dominating characteristics. In the face of the facts they may well be believed.

Mr. Brundige is of United Empire extraction, his parents residing at Shelburne at the time of his birth. He was educated at the public schools of that town, and at the age of seventeen commenced his journalistic career on the Free Press of that thriving Ontario town. As already stated, when he left that paper it was in the capacity of foreman. His eyes had already been turned toward the Northwest, and in April of 1904 he came to Winnipeg, and after a brief survey of the field he commenced negotiations for the purchase of the Miami Herald, which he finally secured. The change in proprietor and editorship was at once noticeable in the improved tone and appearance of the paper. Week after week its circulation grew, and its advertising columns became a more adequate reflection of the mercantile importance of the town in which the Herald is published. Attention to the many details of mechanical make-up is evident in every issue, and few papers published in a town of similar population will show to greater advantage than that published by Mr. Brundige. His jobbing plant, too, has been selected with care. It was almost wholly supplied by the Toronto Type Foundry Company, and is as much a tribute to the beauty of the type faces carried by that institution as to the knowledge and taste shown by their purchaser.

As a local newspaper the Herald leaves little to be desired, when the range of action its editor has marked out for himself is considered. The happenings of the district are received with faithfulness, and oftentimes with humor. Of this humor, by the bye, Mr. Brundige has a notable gift, and in addition is somewhat of a poet. When he was on the Shelburne Free Press his comic poetry on current events and well-known men was watched for with interest by the paper's readers, and since his acquisition of the Herald he has frequently broken out in the same direction. Since he has assumed the ownership and editorship of the Herald its business has almost doubled, which, for a nine months' record, speaks for itself as to the energy and enterprise of its proprietor. Taken for all in all the Miami Herald man may be described as a "comer"—one from whom things may be heard in the future. In his brief tenure editorial responsibility he has approved himself both for

Ayer's

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great

Cherry Pectoral

deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs.
Wm. P. A. ROBINSON, Sallie, Mich.

25c. 50c. \$1.00. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Weak Lungs
Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

ability and judgment, and as he fails to fully realize the confidence and expectations of his many friends.

"Talking about trains," said a prominent gentleman in Winnipeg the other day; "I have travelled all over the continent of America, and have just returned from a trip to New York and Orleans, and I must say that I have not travelled in such a comfortable Sleeper as is provided by the Canadian Northern Railway on their 'Flyer.' One has everything that is needed, a willing porter to look after one's every wish, beautiful toilet, one of the best smoking rooms, with cosy arm chairs, the room taking up the width of the car, and at night complete rest is obtained owing to the easy manner in which the cars run. When I go south again I will use the Canadian Northern."

That is what every traveller says after a trip on the fast train of the Canadian Northern between Winnipeg and St. Paul. The trip is made in just 14 hours over the finest track west of Chicago. The train carries first-class equipment throughout, Sleepers, Dining, and fine Day Coaches, and makes better time than any train in the West. Better try it next time you go south, and you will use it often.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity, Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requiring a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all Druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Minard's Liniment Cures Gargot in Cows.

DON'T THROW AWAY YOUR MONEY on Eastern and Southern Grown Nursery stock that will not grow, but write for our catalogue of hardy Apples, Grapes, Plums, Cherries, Gooseberries, Raspberries, Currants, Strawberries, Roses, Ornamental Shrubs and Trees Hedge and Windbreak Trees, Perennial Plants, etc. Trees that will grow in Manitoba and the Territories.

BUCHANAN'S NURSERY, St. Charles, Man.

H.B.K. BRAND BIG SHIRT

Made big enough for a big man to work in with comfort. Has more material in it than any other brand of shirt in Canada. Made on the H.B.K. scale it requires 39 1/4 to 42 yards per dozen, whereas common shirts have only 32 to 33 yards.

That's the reason why the H.B.K. "Big" Shirt never chafes the armpits, is never tight at the neck or wristbands, is always loose, full and comfortable and wears well.

Each shirt bears a tiny book that tells the whole history of the "Big" Shirt, and also contains a notarial declaration that the H.B.K. "Big" Shirt contains 39 1/4 to 42 yards of material per dozen.

Sold at all dealers but only with this brand:—



HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO.
Montreal Winnipeg Dawson

With Your Breakfast
With Your Dinner
With Your Supper

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA. Pure and Delicious. Black, Mixed and Natural Green. Sold only in Sealed Lead Packets; By all Grocers.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARD AND GOLD MEDAL AT ST. LOUIS.

I am the Oldest

Established Grain Commission Merchant in Winnipeg.
Consign your grain to me and get prompt service, careful attention, and highest market prices.
Reference: UNION BANK OF CANADA. S. SPINK, DRAWER 1300.

MARCH-WELLS GRAIN CO.

Grain in car lots bought on track or sold on commission. Reasonably advance made. Prompt Returns. Correspondence solicited. References Any Bank in Winnipeg.
ROOM 414, GRAIN EXCHANGE BLDG., WINNIPEG.

Ayer's Pills

Act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick-headache. Sold for 60 years. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard BUCKINGHAM'S DYE a beautiful brown or rich black? Use

SEVEN CTS. OF BUCKINGHAM'S DYE. S. HALL & CO., MONTREAL, N. B.

If it is a Question of Warmth use E. B. EDDY'S BUILDING PAPER

It Retains Heat and Keeps out Cold.
Write for Samples and Prices.
TEES & PERSSE, Limited., Agents, Winnipeg.

BLAIR'S GOUT AND RHEUMATIC PILLS

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
TESTIMONIAL from the late SIR SAMUEL BAKER, the famous Nile Explorer. "Newton Abbot, Devon. Dear Sir, I have delayed my thanks as I wished to test the effect of Blair's Pills by a sufficient interval of time. "For ten years I had suffered acutely from Gout and life had lost its attraction owing to the uncertainty of health and sudden visitations of the enemy which prostrated me for months, or weeks according to the virulence of the attacks. "Blair's Pills have rendered me immense service, as I no longer fear an attack of Gout. "For the last twenty months I have been comparatively free, as one or two attempted visitations have been immediately stamped out by the assistance of Blair's Pills. "Truly yours (Signed) Saml. W. Baker, Lyman, Stone & Co., Montreal and Toronto; The Sole Drug Co., Winnipeg; and Martin, Hale & Wynne Co., Winnipeg.

Superfluous Hair

Removed by the New Principle
De Miracle

Electrolysis, X-ray or depilatories are offered you on the bare word of the operators and manufacturers. DE MIRACLE is not. It is the only method which is indorsed by physicians, surgeons, dermatologists, medical journals and prominent magazines. Booklet will be sent free, in plain, sealed envelope.

Your money back without question if it fails to do all that is claimed for it. DE MIRACLE mailed, sealed in plain wrapper, on receipt of \$1. Write for it to-day to DE MIRACLE CHEMICAL CO., 23 QUEEN STREET WEST, TORONTO, or THE ROBERT SIMPSON COMPANY LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dyptheria

A woman may believe only half what she hears, but she always hears twice as much as a man.
We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera, and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Some alleged self-made men are not finished; they were too small for the job.

NOT SUFFICIENT.
The young man with the long hair, tallow complexion, and bundle of manuscript approached the editor's desk.

"Here is something," he said, "I wrote myself." The editor glanced hastily through the manuscript, and then looked at the author. "That is a sufficient explanation," he replied, handing it back, "but is hardly an adequate apology."

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease 100 ft. of fore shore commencing at a post, which is the south west corner of lease applied for by P. A. Taylor, of Kelowna, thence running south west 100 ft. thence 80 ft. east to high water mark, thence 100 ft. north along high water mark, thence 80 ft. west to point of commencement.

THOS. LAWSON
Dated at Kelowna, March 4th 1905. 23-3ed

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE that thirty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease 100 ft. of fore shore commencing at a post, which is the south west corner of lease applied for by Thos. Lawson, of Kelowna, thence running south west 100 ft. thence 80 ft. east to high water mark, thence 100 ft. north along high water mark, thence 80 ft. west to point of commencement.

JOHN ROWCLIFFE
Dated at Kelowna, March 4th, 1905. 23-3ed

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for permission to purchase 480 acres of land in the Osoyoos District, and more particularly described as follows, commencing at a post on the north-west corner of S. Peters pre-emption on west side of Okanagan Lake, running west forty chains, thence south 120 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 120 chains to initial post of commencement.

DAVID GELLATLY.
Gellatly, B.C., Feb'y 24, 1905. 31-6ed

Notice.

Any person trespassing or cutting timber upon lot 359, Group One, (known as the Isaac Hachen property) will be prosecuted as the law directs. Mary Cline

Nanaimo, Dec., 14, A. D., 1904.

FOR SALE

Eighteen ton fine potatoes. Apply
G. R. THOMSON,
Creiglea, Okanagan Mission

For Sale.

Clover Hay for sale, also a few sacks of Manitoba seed wheat. Apply to
W. C. CAMERON
Guisachan Farm, Kelowna

Kelowna Shaving Parlors

HOURS—This shop will be closed for noon at from 11.30 to 12.30 and from 5.30 to 6.30. Shop closed during summer months at 7.30, p. m.; Wednesdays 8.00 p. m. and Saturdays, 11.00 o'clock p. m.

J. BOUCH Clarion Block
Kelowna, B. C.

The Celebrated PERCHERON STALLION



Vulcan. 25514

The property of the Kelowna Land & Orchard Coy. Ltd., will stand for service during the season of 1905, at Priests Flat Ranch.

Description and Pedigree

VULCAN 25514, is a beautiful black in color with white face, left hind leg and both hind ankles white.

Pedigree

VULCAN was foaled May 2, 1900; bred by W. N. Hawkins of Washington, Penn. got by RAMEUR 22009 (42982), he by ORESTE (30646), he by CARABIN (13199), he by FLORENT II (5950), he by PHILBERT (760), he by SUPERIOR 454 (730), he by FAVORI I (711), he by VIEUX-CHASLIN (713), he by Coco (712), he by MIGNON (715), he by JEAN-LE-BLANC (739).

DAM, COLETTE 15283 (22676) by PHENIX 8849 (6983), he by ENEBON 2682 (38), he by BRILLIANT 1271 (755), he by BRILLIANT 1899 (756), he by Coco II (714), he by VIEUX-CHASLIN (713), he by Coco (712), he by MIGNON (715), he by JEAN-LE-BLANC (739).

2nd DAM, BIJOU 7818 by FAVORA 1542, 765; he by FRENCH-MONARCH 205, 734; he by ILDERIM 5302; he by VALENTINE 5301; he by VIEUX-CHASLIN 713; he by Coco 712; he by MIGNON 715; he by JEAN-LE-BLANC 739.

3rd DAM, BIJOU, belonging to M. Guibert.
Terms—To Insure, \$20.

Geo. E. Winkler

Real Estate Agent

Real Estate and Mining Broker, Insurance, etc. Choice Okanagan and Similkameen Fruit Lands for sale.

PENTICTON, B. C.

H. W. Raymer

Building Contractor and Dealer in Doors, Sash, Mouldings, etc. Plans Specification and Estimates prepared for all classes of work.

Kelowna.

Watches Clocks and Jewellery

Arrived at your own
Prices

MILLIE & CO.

Ryamer's Block.

There are beautiful
Ladies & Gentlemens
watches. Come and
See Them

Repairing a specialty

KELOWNA MEAT MARKET

Fresh Meats, Cured Meats, Fish
and Game in season.

Orders delivered to any part of the
Valley

S. L. Long, C. E., P. L. S.

Agent for

Pacific Coast Pipe Compan-
les Wooden Stave Pipe

Prices and Information as
to instalation supplied on
application. This pipe is
eminently suited for irri-
gation and all other pur-
poses.

Cheap and Durable
KELOWNA, B. C.

J. F. BURNE

Solicitor,
Notary Public,
Conveyancer, etc.

KELOWNA, - - - B. C.

You Work

Year after year for a mod-
erate income without gett-
ing ahead or making pro-
vision for your old age.
You can

Double Your Salary

Now with an investment of
only five dollars a month.
Do not allow other matters
of less importance to press
upon your time. Begin
now. Write for informat-
ion of our courses of study
by mail.

The Kamloops General Agency

KAMLOOPS, B. C.

Or to

The Canadian Correspondence College
TORONTO, ONTARIO

D. W. Crowley & Co.

BUTCHERS

Fresh and Salt Meats,
Hams and Bacon. Fish
and Game in season. All
orders carefully attend-
ed to. Free Delivery.

Livery & Feed Stable

First Class Horses, Com-
fortable Rigs and Care-
full drivers. We give
particular attention to
the orders of Commer-
cial men.

Stables near Lake View House.

D. W. Crowley & Co.

KELOWNA, B. C.

KELOWNA CLARION

And Okanagan Advocate.

\$2.00 per annum. \$1.00 for six
months.

Advertising rates on application.

Job Work a Specialty.

R. H. SPEDDING, Proprietor.

W. J. CLEMENT, Editor. H. M. SPEDDING, Manager.

THURSDAY, MARCH 30, 1905.

Lower the Lake.

Some months ago we under-
stood that the Kelowna Liberal
Association were going to press
upon the Dominion Government
the necessity of having Okanagan
Lake lowered, but so far we are
not aware that anything has been
done. An appropriation was at
one time granted for this purpose,
and no explanation has been forth-
coming as to why it was not ex-
pended upon the work. If the
grant was not sufficient, surely
the necessity of the case demands
that another be made. It is a
question of importance, not
merely to Kelowna, but also to
every town and settler along the
lake. At Penticton several hun-
dred acres of land are rendered
practically valueless on account
of being submerged much of the
year. If the water were main-
tained at its present level, roads
could be made on the gravel beach
to join the various settlements at
much less cost and inconvenience
than over the rough benches. As
to the feasibility of the scheme
there can be no doubts. Okana-
gan River has a fall of ten or
twelve feet in a distance of four
miles between Okanagan and
Dog Lakes, and notwithstand-
ing the deviousness of its
course, the current is very rapid.
All that is required to produce
the required result is a straight-
ening and deepening of the bed
of the river so that the water
may be carried off as fast as it
accumulates in Okanagan Lake.
Heretofore this proposition has
been mooted almost exclusively
from the Kelowna standpoint,
but when the necessity of the
case has been presented to the
Government in its broader aspect,
it should be met by a ready
response.

Prosperity.

The prosperity of the Okana-
gan is nowhere more in evidence
than at the various towns along
the lake. As one approaches
Peachland by the Aberdeen, he
is struck with the romantic ap-
pearance of the place situated, as
it is, close to the water's edge,
with towering pine dotted mount-
ains for a background. This
town has doubled in size during
the past eighteen months, while
the hill slopes to the south show
even more marked improvement,
being now occupied by handsome
dwellings, the native woods hav-
ing given place to cultivated fields
and thrifty young peach or-
chards. Summerland does not
present so attractive an appear-
ance from the lake, having its
agricultural lands almost hidden
by bench. However, this district
has witnessed a marvelous
advancement during the three
years of its existence, and one
would have to drive for several
days through continuous settle-
ment to see it all. The settlers
in this district, mostly from
Manitoba and the North West,
have located on ten and twenty
acre lots and are going extensiv-
ely into fruit growing and vege-
table gardening. Penticton is at
present the chief point of attrac-
tion, the adjacent territory hav-
ing recently been thrown open
for settlement through the ac-
quisition of the Ellis estate by a
local syndicate, who are placing
it on the market in small blocks.
The buildings under construc-
tion and those contracted for, in-
dicate a prosperous summer in
that district. A large addition
to the townsite has been laid out,
one street designed as main
street, on what is termed the new
townsite running from Okanagan
Lake to Dog Lake, a distance of
four miles through as fine a track
of land as there is in the province.

Arrived, One Ton Church's Alabastine

The Best There Is
Easy to put on
Elegant to look at
Hard to rub off

Don't Forget, we sell Cha-
tham Incubators and Brooders
and DeLaval Cream Separ-
ators. Our last arrival. A
Car of Barbed Wire.

Kelowna Hardware Store.

Farmers of Okanagan Mission!

Deal with the Real Estate Firm that has
been thirteen years in the business and will
handle your property to the best advantage.
Be very careful before listing your lands with
outsiders. All information in connection
with water records, etc., furnished gratis.

Stillingfleet & Fraser

Real Estate Agents
KELOWNA,

The Bank of Montreal

Capital, all paid up, \$14,000,000. Rest, \$10,000,000.
Balance Profit and Loss account \$373,988
Head Office, Montreal.

PRESIDENT, Right Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal G. C. M. G.
VICE-PRESIDENT, Sir Geo. A. Drummond, L. C. M. G.

Branches in all the principal cities and towns in Canada. Also in
the following cities:—London, Eng., 22 Abchurch Lane, E. C;
New York, 59 Wall Street; Chicago, 188 La Salle Street; Spokane,
Wash; St. John's Newfoundland.

Bankers and Correspondence: Liverpool, Bank of Liverpool. Scot-
land, British Linen Co's. Bank and Branches.

A general banking business transacted. Drafts sold available at
all points in United States, Europe and Canada, including Atlin
and Dawson City.

Savings Bank Department

Deposits received from \$1.00 upwards and interest allowed at
current rates.

Withdrawals on Demand Without Delay

Ranchers and Country Business given special attention.
Municipal and School District accounts received on favorable terms.
Special attention given to the handling of Municipal and other
debentures.

Banking by Mail.

Deposits may be made and withdrawn by mail. Out-of-town ac-
counts receive every attention.

Okanagan District.

G. A. HENDERSON, Manager, Vernon
ARMSTRONG KELOWNA
E. S. V. McClintock, Sub-Agent H. G. Fisher, Sub-Agent

Kelowna Saw-Mill Coy.

Manufacturers and Dealers in Lumber,
Lath, Shingles, Sash and Doors. No more
Dry Slabs for Sale.

D. Lloyd-Jones.

Carruthers & Pooley

Real Estate Agents, Notaries
Public, Kelowna, B. C.

Agents for

Mutual Life Assurance Co'y of Canada. Ocean Accidental Guarantee Corporation, Ltd. Queen Fire Insurance Company of America. Guardian Assurance Co., of London and Lancashire. Kelowna Land and Orchard Co'y, Ltd. Kelowna Townsite Property, also numerous Improved and Unimproved Private Properties. Canadian Casualty & Ins. Co.

Messrs. Carruthers & Pooley have great facilities for handling Private Improved Properties owing to their large circle of Agents in the east and at the coast. Fine Lake Shore residential lots within a few minutes walk of Kelowna. Unsurpassed Fruit Land close to town from \$100.00 to \$200.00 an acre. Excellent Irrigated Bench Land, A 1 roads, all cleared at \$75.00 an acre. Pipe system for household use

STRAWBERRY PLANTS

Our trade in Strawberry Plants has grown so large that we have decided to make a specialty of this branch. We now have large acreage and strong, healthy, well rooted plants and can furnish them in any quantity. The strawberry plants we are now selling must not be classed with those offered and sold by fruit-growers who simply let the strawberry runners take root between the rows after the picking season is over and dig in the fall regardless of size and quality. Plants grown in our carefully prepared beds are far superior, will come into bearing earlier and will produce finer and better fruit and more of it.

Clyde Glenmary
Magoon

Per Doz. Per 100 Per 1000

25c \$1.00 \$8.00

Raspberries.

CUTHBERT—The Leading market variety.

Per Doz. Per 100 Per 1000

\$1.50 \$3.00 \$30.00

Vegetable Plants.

We grow large quantities of vegetable plants and can supply all of the varieties listed below in their proper season, in most any quantity. We have made arrangements this year so that we can supply all vegetables plants in two grades, plants direct from the seed beds and those that have been transplanted into shallow boxes. TRANSPLANTED PLANTS are much stronger and better rooted and are well worth the price especially in the early part of the season. We can supply most of the leading sorts. Let us have your orders early and we will ship them later, or as requested. No plants sent C. O. D. Write for prices in large quantities.

CABBAGE Dozen 100 1000

Early or late kinds

transplanted. \$.20 \$.75 \$ 6.00

Not transplanted. .50 4.00

Add 25c per 100 for cabbage plants by mail.

By Express.

Several pairs of white rabbits at 1.00 a pair

Feed Wheat for Sale.

There are only ten tons of Feed Wheat left from our carload.

Apply 29th H. Burch or Jas. Jones.

Kelowna.

For Sale.

Ten ton potatoes, part Early Rose and part Peerless. Apply

G. R. Thomson, Craiglela.

Okanagan Mission

LAND FOR SALE!!

In Salmon Arm District

Choice Grain, Fruit and Dairy Farms

Two to Ten miles from town. Seven-

teen dollars and up per acre. Two

choice Dairy Farms with all stock and

good will of business.

JOHN JOHNSON BOX 644.

Salmon Arm B. C.

Notice.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, one

month after the date hereof, the undersigned

and others intend to make application to His

Honour Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere, Lieutenant

Governor in Council, at Victoria, under the provisions

of the "Municipalities Incorporation Act",

Revised Statutes of British Columbia, and amend-

ing Acts for Letters Patent, under the Great

Seal to incorporate the hereinafter described land

into a City Municipality, under the name of "The

Corporation of the City of Kelowna," that is to

say:

Part of lot two hundred and nineteen, 219, and

lot nine 9, both in group one, 1, in township twenty-

five 25, lot one hundred and thirty-eight 138, and

lot one hundred and thirty-nine 139, and part of

lot fourteen 14, in group one 1, and also part of sec-

tion thirty, 30, all of which are in township twenty-

six, 26, in the Osoyoos Division of the Yale Dis-

trict, in the Province of British Columbia, more

particularly described as follows:—

at the north-west corner of lot fifty-three, 53, being

a subdivision of lot two hundred and nineteen, 219,

township twenty-five, 25, in the Osoyoos Division

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

Wm. McLean is moving his house to an adjacent lot.

S. C. Smith, of Vernon, was in town on Monday.

D. Leckie received a large consignment of barb wire on Monday.

F. R. E. DeHart has taken over the entire nursery stock of the Okanagan Fruit and Land Co.

The Farmers' Exchange will ship a carload of apples, cabbages, carrots, and parsnips on Friday.

Changes for advertisements must be received, in future, by Tuesday noon to ensure insertion.

Beginning with next week, the stores will be closed in future on Thursday afternoons.

The kindergarten department of the public school opened on Monday under the instruction of Miss A. Buchanan.

D. W. Crowley & Co. are improving the appearance of their lively stable by a coat of paint, E. H. Robinson doing the work.

The Kelowna sawmill has been shut down this week while the company put in their new boiler and smoke stack.

Messrs. Smith and Holman shipped two tons of Kelowna grown tobacco on Tuesday. It will be distributed at various points on the Calgary and Edmonton branch in Alta.

J. K. Kent, of Olds, Alta., spent several days in Kelowna during the past week. He is very much taken up with the climate and land of the Okanagan and is buying land here with the intention of making Kelowna his home as soon as he disposes of his property in the North West. He left by Tuesday's boat.

O. D. Ranks, secretary of the Kelowna Farmers' Exchange, has received letters from the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, and Price Ellison, M. P. at Victoria, to the effect that the application to lease a portion of foreshore, for the erection of a warehouse, has been granted. The Exchange will begin the erection of their building in a short time, and will be in a position to meet the coming crop to advantage.

Chas. Mair, who has been spending a couple of weeks at the home of his son-in-law, Bert Crichton, returned to his home at Lethbridge, Alta. on Tuesday. Mr. Mair has spent a great many years in pioneer life, settling at Winnipeg in '68 and passing through the thrilling incidents of the first Reil Rebellion. He also spent a number of years in the Okanagan Mission, coming here thirteen years ago. He has for some time been an employee of the Dominion Government in the North West, but thinks he will eventually settle again in the Okanagan, as the climate here agrees with his health. Mr. Mair is one of the leading Canadian poets, a drama, "Tecumseh," and many short poems, having attracted considerable deserved attention.

TOILET SOAPS

It will pay you to get into the habit of buying your Soap here, because the largest, cheapest and best stocks of Toilet Soaps in town are to be found in this store. Note These Prices.

Fairbank's Copco, usual price, 10c. per cake, my price 4 cakes for 25c.

McKenzie's Complexion Soap, usual price, 20c. per box, my price 2 boxes 25c.

Wood Violet, usual price 45c. per box, my price, 30c. per box.

H. E. Wallis, Dispensing Chemist :

THE PEOPLE'S MERCHANT

Just a word or two concerning the way we do business—a way we believe that you will like.

1. Our goods will satisfy, or we want them back.
2. Prices are marked in Plain Figures.
3. Terms and conditions are the same to everyone
4. Our goods are all branded, and the brands are the best.
5. We sell the Up-to-Date Shirts and Ties.
6. We will be only too pleased if you will let us quote you prices next time you call.

O. W. M. Hughes.

Carpet Squares

Of All Sizes in Wool, Tapestry, Velvet Brussels, and Axminster.

These Carpets are imported direct from the manufacturers, and are sold at prices incredibly low as the following illustration shows.

Size of room	Cost of Tapestry Square	Cost of Velvet Square
12 x 12	\$ 8.25	\$ 17.50
12 x 13.6	9.75	20.00
12.6 x 15.6	10.50	22.50
14 x 15.6	12.50	27.50

Subject to 5 per cent for cash,

Our stock of Linoleums, Rugs, Mattings, Wall Paper, Window Shades, and other goods in the House Furnishing Line is very complete.

Kelowna Furniture Coy.

Chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, chairs, etc.

THE LAKEVIEW HOTEL

Has been thoroughly renovated throughout. First Class Accommodation for the travelling public. High classed liquors and cigars. A home for all Commercial men.

James Bowes, Prop

A New Historical Novel "Lafayette"

By Max Pemberton

Begins in the April number of "The Strand Magazine."

For Sale at

J. P. Clement's

Bookstore,

Kelowna.

Herman Brown Shoemaker

Shoe repairing promptly and neatly done. Shop in Verrey's old stand.

Kelowna

John Curts,

CONTRACTOR & BUILDER.

Plans and Specifications Prepared

and estimates given for public Build-

ings, Town and Country Residences.

JOHN CURTS KELOWNA

Business Notice.

WE the undersigned merchants of Kelowna do

hereby agree to close our respective places of busi-

ness every night at 6 p. m. except Saturdays and

nights preceding holidays, commencing March 15,

1905. And further agree to close our said places

every Thursday at 12.30 noon from April 1st to

Oct. 1st, 1905, provided, however, that the above

agreement shall be binding on the parties thereto

only as long as the conditions are observed by all

the business firms.

Lequime Bros. & Co. D. Leckie

Thomas Lawson P. B. Willis & Co.

Kelowna Furniture Co. D. W. Crowley & Co.

H. E. Wallis H. Cooper

Kelowna Meat Market O. W. M. Hughes

J. P. Clement H. H. Millie

Kelowna, Feb. 28, 1905.

31-4t

ELECTRIC SMELTING.

May Possibly Revolutionize the Iron Industry in Canada—Report of the Canadian Commission.

Rarely has a report of greater public interest or importance been issued by any department than that which was sent out recently by the mines branch of the Department of the Interior. The report in question contains the results of the investigation made by the Haanel Commission into the different electrothermic processes for the smelting of iron ores and the making of steel in operation in Europe. The conclusions of the commission are the result of careful, exhaustive inquiries.

In addition to the report on the smelting of iron ores and the making of steel in Europe, there is a special report on the Marcus Ruthenburg process of electric smelting of magnetite, in which demonstrations were given at Lockport, N.Y.; likewise a series of important papers on the electro-metallurgy of steel and iron by Henri Harmet, Gustave Gui and Capt. Ernest Stassano, and of copper by M. Ch. Vattier. The whole volume, consisting of 233 pages, is enriched and illustrated by many handsome plates and drawings.

The commission, sent from Canada consisted of Dr. Haanel, Superintendent of Mines for Canada; Mr. Brown of Peterboro, electrician; Mr. Eric Nystrom, M. E., Ottawa, draftsman, and Mr. Thomas Cote, Montreal, secretary. In England the services of Mr. F. W. Harbord, consulting metallurgist and analytical chemist to the Indian Government and the Royal Engineering College, were engaged as metallurgist of the Commission. Electric smelting plants were then visited in the order named at the following places: Gysinge and Korfors, Sweden; La Praz, France; Turin, Italy, and Livet, France.

Lower Cost of Steel.
The conclusions arrived at by the metallurgist, Mr. Harbord, as a result of his investigation into the metallurgy of the electric production of steel and the electric production of iron ore, are as follows:

(1) Steel equal in all respects to the best Sheffield crucible steel can be produced, either by the Kjellin, Heroult or Keller processes, at a cost considerably less than the cost of producing a high-class crucible steel.
(2) At present structural steel, to compete with Siemens or Bessemer steel, cannot be economically produced in the electric furnaces, and such furnaces can be used commercially for the production of only very high-class steel for special purposes.

(3) Speaking generally, the reactions in the electric smelting furnaces, as regards the reduction and combination of iron with silicon, sulphur, phosphorus and manganese, are similar to those taking place in the blast furnace. By altering the burden and regulating the temperature, by varying the electric current, any grade of iron, grey or white, can be obtained, and the change from one grade to another is effective more rapidly than in a blast furnace.

Pig Iron Possibilities.
(4) Grey pig iron, suitable in all respects for acid steel manufacture, either by Bessemer or Siemens processes, can be produced in the electric furnace.

(5) Grey pig iron, suitable for foundry purposes, can be readily produced.

(6) Pig iron, low in silicon and sulphur, suitable either for the basic Bessemer or the basic Siemens process, can be produced, provided that the ore mixture contains oxide of manganese, and that a basic slag is maintained by suitable additions of lime.

(7) It has been experimentally demonstrated, but from general considerations there is every reason to believe that pig iron low in silicon and sulphur can be produced, even in the absence of manganese oxide in the iron mixture, provided a fluid and basic slag be maintained.

(8) Pig iron can be produced on a commercial scale to compete with the blast furnace only when electric energy is very cheap and fuel very dear. On the basis taken in this report with electric energy at \$10 per electrical horse-power year and coke at \$7 per ton, the cost of production is approximately the same as the cost of producing pig iron in a modern blast furnace.

Conditions of Success.
(9) Under ordinary conditions, where blast furnaces are an established industry, electric smelting cannot compete, but in special cases where ample water-power is available and blast furnace coke is not readily obtainable, electric smelting may be commercially successful. It is impossible to define the exact conditions under which electric

smelting can be successfully carried on. Each case must be considered independently after a most careful investigation into local conditions, and it is only when these are fully known that a definite opinion as to the commercial possibilities of any project can be given.

Power on the Ottawa.

"I am credibly informed," he remarks, "that the water-power at Chats Falls, on the Ottawa, River, can be developed at a cost to produce an electrical horse-power year at the rate of \$4.50. There are probably many water-powers favorably situated as regards good bodies of ore in the Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which can be developed as cheaply. When such power is owned by the company intending to use it for electric smelting, and peat, coke or briquetted charcoal, made from mill refuse, which would probably not cost more than \$4 per ton, is employed for reduction, the cost of two of the heaviest items entering into the cost of producing pig by the electric process is reduced to one-half."

HON. E. J. DAVIS.

Commissioner of Crown Lands Has Announced His Retirement.

Hon. E. J. Davis, who the other day announced his retirement from politics at the close of the present term of the Legislature, has been a member of the Ontario Government since July, 1896. He succeeded the late Mr. Balfour as Provincial Secretary in that year, and when Hon. J. M. Gibson became Attorney-General on the reconstruction of the Government in 1899 Mr. Davis became Com-



HON. E. J. DAVIS.

missioner of Crown Lands, that portfolio being still held by him. Mr. Davis is a comparatively young man of fifty-three, yet he has been in politics ever since he was a boy, although at the head of the most extensive tanning firm in Canada.

He began his public career in his own Township Council. From the Reeveship of King he passed, in 1884, to the Wardenship of York. In 1888 he entered the Legislature as member for North York, and has held the seat ever since.

Mr. Davis is a Methodist, and a temperance reformer. His people were among the first white settlers of Ontario, his grandfather having come from one of the Carolinas in 1770, just before the outbreak of the war of the revolution.

DRUGGING CHILDREN.

The mother who gives her little one "soothing" stuff when it cries surely does not realize that she is simply drugging it into temporary insensibility with a poisonous opiate. But that is just what she is doing. All the so-called "soothing" medicines contain poisonous opiates; they are all harmful—some of them dangerous, and should never be given to children. Baby's Own Tablets are sold under a positive guarantee that they contain no opiate or harmful drug. The Tablets speedily cure all stomach troubles, constipation, diarrhoea, and simple fevers; they break up colds, prevent croup, ease the pain of teething, and give healthy, natural sleep. When little ones are cross, peevish and ailing, give them Baby's Own Tablets, and you will find there's a smile in every dose. You can get the Tablets from any medicine dealer or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Garden Lanterns.

The noted Japanese gardens, famous for their beauty, owe much of their charm to the quaint lanterns which are used in great profusion. The best of their garden lanterns are made of bronze after quaint native designs. Some of them are richly carved and are of great intrinsic value. Many of these lanterns are of great antiquity, and the best examples are seen at Nikko, famous for its exquisite bronzes.

Posthumous Editions.

"Did you ever see anything to equal the way some of these live young authors turn out books?"
"Well, they can't compete with some of the dead ones who keep on getting out new volumes every year."

When trouble goes hunting him a man may dodge it, but when a man goes hunting trouble it hasn't one chance in a thousand of escaping him.

LA GRIPPE'S RAVAGES.

The Victims Left Weak, Nerveless and a Prey to Deadly Diseases.

La grippe, or influenza, which sweeps over Canada every winter, is probably the most treacherous disease known to medical science. The attack may last only a few days, but the deadly poison in the blood remains. You are left with hardly strength enough to walk. Your lungs, your chest, your heart and nerves are permanently weakened, and you fall a victim to deadly pneumonia, bronchitis, consumption, rheumatism, or racking kidney troubles. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills never fail to cure the disastrous after-effects of la grippe because they purify the blood and sweep away its poisonous germs. Every dose makes new, warm, rich red blood, which brings health and healing to every part of the body. This is proved in the case of Miss Dorsina Langlois, of St. Jerome, Que., who says: "I had a severe attack of la grippe, the after effects of which left me racked with pains in every part of the body. My appetite completely failed me; I had severe headaches, was subject to colds with the least exposure, and grew so weak that I was unable to work at my trade as dressmaker. I tried several medicines without the slightest success until a drug clerk advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I acted upon his excellent advice, and the pills rapidly and completely cured me. My strength returned, the headaches and cough disappeared, and I am again enjoying my old-time health. I am satisfied that if sufferers from la grippe will use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills they will speedily recover from those after effects which makes the lives of so many people a burden."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure all the common ailments due to weak and watery blood, such as: anaemia, headaches, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica, nervousness, general weakness and the special ailments that growing girls and women do not like to talk about even to their doctors. But only the genuine pills can do this, and you should see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is printed on the wrapper around each box. If you cannot get the genuine pills from your druggist send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and they will be mailed. 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50.

CHICAGO WOMAN DOCTOR DEAD.

Word has been received from Chicago that Dr. O'Delia Blinn, a pioneer among the women physicians of Chicago, and thirty years ago a prominent figure in the medical circles of Chicago, is dead in the county infirmary at Dungle, after several years of ill-health, which culminated in a mental breakdown last April. She was 60 years old.

WOULD PROVE A HINDRANCE TO FARM IMPROVEMENT.

If the efforts of certain parties are successful, the farmers of Canada will have to face a very unjust and burdensome tax. A movement is on foot to have fence wire, which has for a number of years been admitted into the country duty free, put on the dutiable list. The grades sought to be affected are galvanized iron or steel wire No. 9, 12 and 13. Practically none of these are made in Canada, and since enormous quantities are used each year in replacing primitive rail structures, and enclosing prairie farms, the injury that a duty would impose upon the rural community could not be readily estimated.

Since the admission of wire duty free, Canadians have enjoyed the benefits of cheap fencing of a very desirable kind. This has not only vastly improved the appearance and value of hundreds of farm houses, but it has added immensely to the comforts of winter travelling over roads that were formerly very often impassable on account of snow blockades. To put a check upon this sort of improvement by a tax that could work only injury to the rural population without benefit to any other class of people would be indeed a serious matter. Besides working an injury to the farmer, the fence-manufacturing industry would be demoralized. To increase the cost of wire, both fence production and consumption would be reduced, and farmers throughout Canada would be hindered in making improvements upon their farms.

UNARMED.

"The original Venus had a bad temper, didn't she?"
"Oh? I suppose she did."
"Dangerous woman, no doubt?"
"Probably she was."
"Then give me the Venus of Milo."
"Why so?"
"Cause she was so 'armless!'"

CASEY EXPLAINS.

Kind Lady—And why do you poor men have to go bumping through the country on that horrid hand car?
Casey—Well you see ma'am we don't none of us care to ride in these here private cars. They're so dusty they keep us sneezin' all th' another million."

HOW BIRDS SOAR.

The Best Flyers Slide Up and Down on the Air—Things Close Observers Have Noted.

In the past few years the desire of mankind to discover a means for navigating the air has led to a deep study of the flights of birds, and a great deal of material has been gathered.

It is beginning to be the consensus of opinion that the bird world as a whole is not nearly perfect in its attainment of flight.

All birds that have to flap their wings continually, such as sparrows, finches, thrushes, crows and so on, are still in an imperfect stage.

More advanced are such birds as pigeons, swallows, etc., because they can dart ahead for a space after they have gained a good start by the rapid flapping of the pinions.

But the only perfect flyers are the eagles, vultures, albatrosses and other great fowl that can rise and fall, away away and soar in the air indefinitely.

Now, how do these big birds manage to ascend to great heights without flapping their wings? It is certain that such birds as the eagle and the vulture can soar into air gradually till they disappear from the eye of the beholder, and yet it will be quite impossible to denote a single motion of anything except the tail.

One observer, Erich Hoffman, had an unusual opportunity to gather some facts that bear on this question. Two years ago he was in the Caucasus on a mountain peak that descended close to another one. Over the latter there soared a great eagle, and as far as he was from earth, he was quite close to Mr. Hoffman.

When he was seen first he was hanging almost motionless in the air. Suddenly he moved swiftly ahead pointing his head slightly toward the sky, and thus he glided along without flapping a wing till his motion had ceased of itself. As it stopped he lifted his wings high in the air, dropped his head, and permitted himself to fall.

As soon as he had fallen a short distance, his broad pinions spread out to their fullest extent again, and immediately the impetus gained by the fall sent him gliding forward and upward, so that within a few moments he had actually slid upon the air to a position higher than he had been in before.

After he had done this five times he had ascended so high without flying once, that the observer could see him only as a black speck in the air.

The eagle's method was exactly that of a boy who slides down a hill in a wagon, and thus gets enough speed to carry him up the next hill. Only in the eagle's case his hills were of air.

Lee's Military Genius.

One day during the war between the states General Lee sent for General Gordon and said to him: "Take these regiments"—mentioning some—"and go to Spottsylvania. Be there tomorrow morning."

In surprise, General Gordon asked why troops were needed at that particular spot.

"Because," replied General Lee, "Grant will be there."

Nothing had been heard of Grant's movements for a long time, but General Gordon supposed General Lee had had some dispatches which had informed him of Grant's nearness. He asked if this was so.

"No," said Lee, "but Grant ought to be there, and he will be." Lee was a great general himself and knew what a great general should do. He had studied out Grant's plans from the place where he last heard of him and decided where he would next make his appearance.

General Gordon went to Spottsylvania. Grant was there, and one of the fiercest battles of the war was fought.

IT WAS NOT A FAITH CURE

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED MRS. ADAMS' BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

She Did Not Believe in Them, but Today She Is Strong and Well.

Collingwood, Ont., Feb. 6.—(Special)—Mrs. Thos. Adams, who moved here about two years ago from Burke's Falls, Ont., one of the many Canadians who once had Bright's Disease and are now strong and well. Like all the others she was cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I was eight months an invalid," says Mrs. Adams, "and no one can tell what I suffered. My doctor said I had Bright's Disease and Sciatica, but I got no relief from anything he gave me. At last a friend of my husband induced me to give Dodd's Kidney Pills a trial. I had no faith in them, but I thought I never would get better, but after taking three boxes of them I was able to do my work. I have had good health ever since. I used Dodd's Kidney Pills."

MISERLY.

"Sourboy isn't very popular," remarked the optimistic one. "But he has a lot of good in him."

"Maybe he has," replied the amiable critic, "but I never heard of his letting any of it out."

No woman is ever as happy as a man thinks she is or as miserable as she believes herself to be.

It Is Known Everywhere.—There is not a city, town or hamlet in Canada where Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is not known—wherever introduced it made a foothold for itself and maintained it. Some merchants may suggest some other remedy as equally beneficial. Such recommendations should be received with doubt. There is only one Electric oil, and that is Dr. Thomas' Take nothing else.

TOO GREAT A CHANGE.

"How did you enjoy those two weeks on your farm in the country?"

"Not as well as I had expected. I suffered from a lack of my accustomed exercise."

"Your accustomed exercise?"

"Certainly; dodging delivery wagons, street cars, and automobiles, and jumping over holes in the street."

Minard's Linctment Cures Colds, etc.

HIS SHARE OF TROUBLE.

"Things are very dear," said the dissatisfied citizen.

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum; "but we are all feeling it alike. I can remember the time when votes could be bought for a dollar apiece that can't be bought now at any price."

A Magic Pill.—Dyspepsia is a foe with which men are constantly grappling, but cannot exterminate. Subdued, and to all appearances vanquished in one, it makes its appearance in another direction. In many the digestive apparatus is as delicate as the mechanism of a watch or scientific instrument in which even a breath of air will make a variation. With such persons disorders of the stomach ensue from the most trivial causes and cause much suffering. To these Par-malee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as mild and sure.

MALE, MON GAZERS, BEWARE.

"Ah!" sighed the sentimental maid, "I could sit and gaze at the moon for hours."

"Would that I were the man in it," said the callow youth who was helping her to hold down the rustic seat on the lawn.

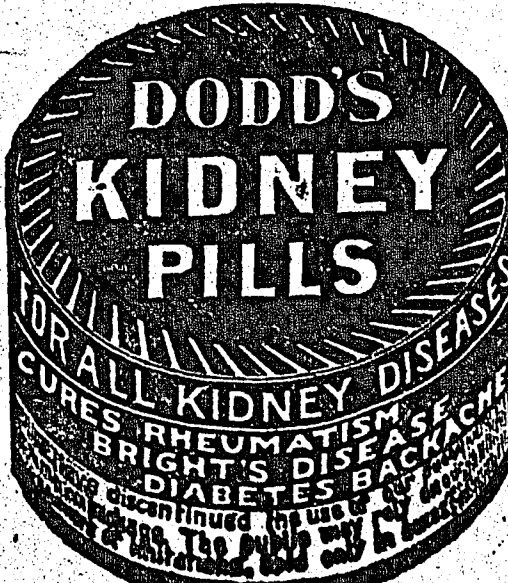
"Same here," she replied, wearily. "Then you would be nearly 240,000 miles away."

Sunlight Soap

is a scientifically made soap, the oils and alkali being perfectly combined. It will wash equally well with hard or soft water. No hard scrubbing or boiling of the clothes. Just rub a little Sunlight on the clothes and it does the cleansing.

Give Sunlight a trial. You may have your money back if not satisfied.

Lever Brothers Limited Toronto



PAGE METAL GATES

3 feet wide, 4 feet high including hinges and latch \$3.00
10 feet wide, 4 feet high, including hinges and latch 6.50
Other sizes in proportion.

THE PAGE WIRE FENCE CO. LIMITED, Walkerville, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, St. John

Supplied by us or local dealer. 253

Miss Mitford's Sacrifice

By KEITH GORDON

Copyright, 1904, by Keith Gordon

Just around the first corner of the small square table sat a slight woman whose dark eyes met young Barton's exploring glance with a smile lurking in their depths, and whom, with the arrogance of youth, he promptly catalogued in his mind as "old." Around the next corner and directly opposite him the figure of a June-like young creature appeared, silent and impressive as the facade of a handsome building. At his left a dapper middle aged man, whose hair showed a shameless tendency to retreat by the back way, was eating his soup in a severely businesslike manner.

Neither the young lady nor the little man showed the slightest ripple of interest in the stranger at the table, and with the chagrin of a warm nature whose open friendliness has been silently declined his wandering glance came back to Miss Mitford.

The demure smile in her eyes seemed to have deepened, and whether it meant sympathy or amusement was an open question. At any rate Stuart Barton reversed his decision and decided that she was not very old after all and that she undoubtedly understood.

He had heard of people so congenial that they were old friends before they had time to become new acquaintances. Before the meal was over he was convinced that Miss Mitford and he were persons of that description. To be sure, they spoke only in platitudes, but there was a rally in her soft eyes and in the smile that played about her lips which seemed to answer his keen but unexpressed derision of their conventional companions.

When you are young, eager and ambitious and have come to New York to "rise" you have an aching need of intelligent, sympathetic companionship. Before a week was past Stuart Barton began to find Miss Mitford's society as necessary to his comfort as sleep or food.

She listened to his arrogant, boyish views of men and things with an interest which had not always been accorded them and which did not fail of its effect. After the jaded, cynical opinions of older men she really found them as exhilarating as wine. Always they parted with a grudging sense of breaking off at the most interesting point, with a parenthetical "To be continued," like a serial story.

More than once she had surprised amused glances on the faces of other boarders, and she was far too acute not to interpret their meaning accurately. But she remained tranquil, too happy and engrossed to care what the common, conventional herd might think.

"I suppose you know that they are saying all sorts of things about us?" she said to him one evening when Miss Selwyn's behavior at dinner had amounted to nothing less than a reprimand.

Then she went on mercilessly: "They probably say that I am leading you on, that I am old enough to know better, that I am a designing old maid and a few more nice things of that sort. I want you to know all about it, because I am a lot older than you, sixteen long years of 365 days each."

She paused, with a queer, breathless feeling that was an unpleasant surprise to herself. She waited for his answer as if her life hung upon his words.

"Either your age!" he laughed gayly. "Your eyes are as young as—" he hesitated, casting about for a simile—"as Miss Selwyn's. Indeed they're a good deal younger, and so is your mind. Your age is just right. It is I who am beastly young. Don't ever mention it again, for I feel like a mere kid when you talk like this."

Having disposed of the suggestion in this summary manner, he began to talk of other and pleasanter things, and before long Miss Mitford's clear laugh was ringing out like a girl's. Miss Selwyn was passing through the hall, heard it and wondered in a vaguely nettled way what Mr. Barton saw in that old maid. There were times when she half regretted her hauteur to the young stranger. His eyes certainly were fine. Besides, it touched her pride that a man should deliberately turn to another woman when she was at hand. The fact that the woman was her senior and no beauty only made the offense more heinous.

By degrees, therefore, her manner toward him changed, thawing slowly, but surely, like ice before the spring sun. But, though she melted, Barton was politely indifferent, and Miss Mitford looked on with a keenly feminine appreciation of the byplay. She felt that the siren was singing to her night in vain, and she rejoiced with true womanly exultation.

"What possesses Miss Selwyn—that's what I'd like to know?" that

gentleman blurted out as they were swinging along through the park together one day. "She used barely to speak to me, and now butter wouldn't melt in her mouth. She's so blamed pleasant she worries me. It doesn't seem natural."

For reply Miss Mitford stopped short and fixed her eyes upon him expressively. His color rose, and he looked rather confused.

"You don't mean?"

"Yes, that's it," she replied, nodding maliciously. Then they both laughed merrily after the manner of irresponsible young things who laugh from mere joy until she abruptly remembered that in a woman of thirty-eight such behavior was shockingly frivolous, and resolving to be more dignified she grew suddenly pensive.

It was a soft April day. The tender greens and misty grays of the park were like a wistful promise of beauties to come. In the air the damp, earthy smells of early spring floated, the sweet breath of the soil as it awakened from its winter trance.

With a sigh of enjoyment she seated herself on one of the green benches, and Barton took his place beside her. For some moments they sat gazing at the scene before them in dreamy silence, taking in long whiffs of the soft air with sensuous delight. The blurred, faint loveliness of it, all bespoke fairyland.

He did not speak, but she knew that he was watching her intently. With a sort of helpless, bewildered dismay she realized that she was flushing like a schoolgirl. "A woman of thirty-eight," she taunted herself—savagely, "thirty-eight, thirty-eight, thirty-eight!" But it was no use. She flushed and flushed until she longed wildly for an earthquake, for any deliverance that would rescue her from the absurdity of her position. But none came, and with lips that quivered with annoyance she tried to form some diverting, impersonal remark.

A big, firm hand closed over hers, and Stuart Barton looked down at her like a triumphant young god.

"I know what you are going to say," he began, "but it's no use. I love you, and I'm old enough to know my own mind. This is an exceptional case, and there's no use of your tormenting yourself and me by bothering about outrages. I am certainly going to marry you, so you might just as well make up your mind to it."

He paused for breath, and, though she eyed him in disdainful silence, a dangerous excitement, a triumphant happiness, danced in her blood, and she dared not trust herself to speak.

"You love me—just you know you do, Alice," he resumed exultantly, and at the protest that she tried her best to make convincing he only laughed indulgently. With a shock it came to her that he was right. She did love him. When she spoke a moment later her voice was very low and tense.

"We won't talk of it any more now, Stuart," she said, laying her hand on his arm, "but a year from now, if you feel the same—no, don't interrupt! You think you will, but you don't know. Don't you suppose it is hard for me?" And she looked straight in his eyes with an expression he thought to remember always. But youth has ever a poor memory, and a year contains 365 days.

"I'm going away immediately," she continued, with a little break in her voice, as she realized what life would seem without him. "For a year I shall drop out of existence, so far as you are concerned. But at the end of that time—"

A year had passed and another had begun before Stuart Barton found himself again in that particular part of the park. As before, he was accompanied by a lady, young, proud and superb looking, and as they seated themselves on the identical green bench that he had occupied on a former momentous occasion he awaited anxiously for the reply that she had promised him. Later, the first flurry of excitement over, she looked at him with an inquiring face.

"You were awfully attentive to that Miss Mitford last year," she remarked tentatively. "I always wondered what you could see in a woman so much your senior."

Consternation seized Barton. Now he knew why the spot had vaguely haunted him; why it reminded him of something once vivid, but now forgotten. His face went pale.

"She was a lovely woman," he said quietly.

"She doesn't know that I gave him to her," murmured Miss Mitford when she heard of her truant lover's engagement to Miss Selwyn. Then as two tears brimmed up in her eyes and rolled down her cheeks she exclaimed emphatically, "You idiot!" and then her face went down to her hands.

The Rainfall.

There is always more or less guesswork concerning the amount of rain that falls during any storm period. Throughout the United States the amount that falls on any one day rarely exceeds one inch. There are certain portions of the globe, however, that are frequently and others only occasionally deluged with water. On the

southern slope of the Himalaya mountains, at an altitude of 4,500 feet, 610 inches of rainfall have been registered in a single year, of which amount 147 inches (12 feet 3 inches) fell in the month of June. At a meteorological station in latitude 13 degrees, near the western boundary of Hindustan, the average rainfall for fifteen years was 254 inches. In the northwestern part of England, at an altitude of 1,300 feet, the average annual rainfall is 140 inches.

The wonderful record given above is still more phenomenal when we consider the fact that all the moisture the atmosphere is capable of holding at any one time would cover the entire surface of the globe to a depth of less than four inches should it all be instantly precipitated.

The Wise Widow.

"John said if I ever married ag'in his ghost would come back an' haunt me," said the widow.

"You reckon he'll be as good as his word?"

"I ain't a bit afeared of it. I've got two tons o' granite over him an' a spiked steel railin' all around. John's thar to stay!"—Atlanta Constitution.

SYMPATHY.

Sympathy is food to a starving heart. Sympathy is two hearts pulling at one load.

Sympathy is the staff on which trouble leans.

Sympathy is the cream that rises on the milk of human kindness.

Sympathy in sorrow's hour is like the gentle rain to drooping flowers.

Sympathy is the least the rich may give, the most the poor can offer.

Sympathy is the blossom grown from the costly bulb called personal suffering.

Sympathy is a well toned instrument that readily responds to notes of weal or woe.

Sympathy is the most powerful human magnet for attracting and holding friendship.

Sympathy is perfect forgetfulness of oneself in true feeling for the unhappiness of others.

Sympathy is love's healing balm spread by pity's tender hand on sorrow's heart wound.

Artificial Beauty In Rome.

Personal artifice is at least as old as the Roman empire, for, speaking of the artificial beauty of a coquette, Martius says: "Gollu, you are but a composition of falsehood. While you were living at Rome your hair was growing on the banks of the Rhine. At night when you lay aside your silken robes you lay aside your teeth also. Two-thirds of your person are locked up in boxes for the night. The eyebrows with which you make such insinuating motions are the work of your slaves. Thus no man can say, 'I love you,' for you are not what he loves, and no one loves what you are."

A Lord Sold Into Slavery.

Charles Reade found the hero of his novel, "The Wandering Heir," in the person of Lord Altham of Ireland, who was sold as a "redemptioneer" at Philadelphia in 1728 and who served for twelve years in effect as a slave to one or more masters in Lancaster county, Pa. The young nobleman was recognized by two Irishmen who came by accident to the house where he lived, and Admiral Vernon afterward took him back to Ireland. Reade laid the scene of Lord Altham's servitude in northern Delaware, but it is pretty well established that this was an error.

The Saving Light.

We boast our light; but, if we look not wisely on the sun itself, it smites us into darkness. The light which we have gained was given us not to be ever starting on, but by it to discover onward things now remote from all knowledge.

When a Kick Helps.

When one lacks the courage boldly to advance along the perilous course his intelligence counsels, he is lucky if he can and will goad some one into kicking him along it past the point where retreat is impossible.

Love.

George—Are you quite sure that you really love me? Bessie—Oh, yes; certain of it. I never knew any one that could make me so furiously angry at times!—Exchange.

Even Then.

Think twice before you speak, and even then nine times out of ten the world won't lose anything if you keep still.

Creams and Fats.

Animal fats like lanolin have a tendency to increase the growth of hair, and some fats coarsen the skin. Therefore use so far as possible the vegetable oils. Those who are inclined to have hair on the lip should rub very little with oils of any kind. Dry skin should have creams, but little benzoin, while for greasy skins this is one of the best of facial dressings. Common cream, either sweet or sour, is a fine cosmetic. The use of rain water will be found helpful to all skins, whatever their texture.

THE EXTRA TOUCH.

It Is Fascinating, but It Is the Enemy of the Simple Life.

A business man of great promise failed in spite of it in one of our suburban towns lately. A shrewd friend of the family thus diagnosed the bankruptcy: "Jack made enough to live on and could have kept on making it right along, but Louise wanted the extra touch. She knew just how to put it on, and in the end she put it on Jack's financial difficulties."

Other women have done the same. The extra touch is the most delightful thing in the world when it can be afforded. It gives distinction to the commonplace novelty, to routine things, grace to life. Yet, like other extras, it has the trick of running up accounts out of all proportion. If it does not cost money its expenses in time and vital force are equally great. The extra touch in dress means either a great deal of money spent or a great deal of time expended, and few women can afford either unless they stint in more important directions.

The extra touch in social affairs often costs beyond all proportion. The exquisite nicety of table service attained by some hostesses means continual trouble with servants and enormous laundry bills, to say nothing of fret of mind. Distinctive entertainments involve money, brains, time or all three. The extra touch is the enemy of the simple life. The average household is much better off without it. Yet its fascinations are such that those of us who cannot reach it still sigh for it, and those who can are seldom wise enough to refrain from its temptations and complications.—Harper's Bazar.

A TRUSTY CONFIDANT.

Have a Nice, Soft Pillow In an Unobtrusive Corner.

It is essential in every home to have a comfortable lounging corner. It may be only a large, old fashioned sofa or it may be a fashionable sofa bed, but let it have plenty of pillows and be reasonably soft.

Five minutes' rest on such an article of furniture will serve to loosen strained nerves and prevent many a family row unless of course several members of the said family desire the haven of refuge at the same time. Then only a little unselfishness can cover the breach of the peace.

Instead of walking off worries by a long, tiresome tramp or confiding in an untrustworthy friend use a nice, soft pillow for a confidant. Bury the offending head in the soft depths of the comforting cushion, and if the tears want to come let them come. The cushion will not tell anybody. It is surprising to find how readily tears run themselves dry when allowed a free course, and it is a relief to a weary or discouraged brain to have a comfortable cry now and then in an unobtrusive corner.

KITCHEN HELPS.

A wide and shallow teakettle is a good thing to have in the kitchen. It boils water in a hurry.

To keep new tin dishes and pans from rust rub them over with lard and heat them in the oven.

The taint of fish may be removed from the blades of knives and the prongs of forks by rubbing them with a piece of lemon peel.

A kitchen table, after scrubbing and rinsing, is greatly improved by having boiling water poured over it. This scalds and whitens the wood.

Stained enameled saucepans may often be made to look like new by boiling them out with water to which a little chloride of lime has been added.

Kitchen knives can be sharpened very satisfactorily upon the edge of a common milk crock or any other stone jar. It is gratifying to note the way they will cut up a chicken or slice bread after just a few whets.

Healthy Girls.

It is no longer fashionable with the fair sex to feign delicacy, nor are the girls of the coming generation actuated by an insane desire to appear fragile and genteel at the expense of health. The score of buxom, bright eyed young ladies one will meet in any of our public thoroughfares any afternoon is ample evidence of the truth of the assertion. No longer do the fair ones seem wan and pale to look upon, nor is their style of locomotion suggestive of effort; but, on the contrary, nearly all seem strong and lithe of limb and with cheeks suffused with the ruddy glow of health. Doctors generally agree that there is far less sickness among the sex than had formerly been the case, and this could be attributed solely to the glorious practice young ladies had of late acquired of testing their capabilities as pedestrians and in engaging in other forms of light physical exercise. It is to be hoped that the good work will go on.—McCall's Magazine.

Beauty and Intelligence.

Notwithstanding human superiority, mankind is as much a part of nature as any other of its facts. For this reason the standard of beauty may be applied to woman. But the dual nature she possesses deprives her of consideration solely upon that ground. If she

is emulous of tributes of immortality higher worth than the adulation paid to physical perfections, she must be intelligent in that broad sense of the word that embraces character. A woman without intellect is the most insipid thing in the created universe. Be she ever so handsome, she is but the lees of good wine, a mere aromatic suggestion of what she is not. By the laws of her life beauty alone can never afford her the commendation which it brings to the birds, the flowers and the sunset. She is separated from these by the width of a soul.—Baltimore Herald.

MAKING THINGS OVER.

A Wide Field For the Woman Who Has Taste and Skill.

For the woman who has taste and skill in making over articles of clothing a wide field is open. Let her make it known that she is ready to take any available material and make it over into neat and serviceable garments, and she will not lack for employment even where there are many dressmakers. "Making over" is disliked by most dressmakers, and an opportunity to carry such goods to a pleasant, tactful person who would see all its possibilities and bring them out satisfactorily is hailed with delight. One who does such work must be careful to keep sacred the confidence of her customers. No one would be pleased to have the details of her economy told to others or the fact made public that the pretty waist she wore was made out of her sister's old skirt. In connection with this work one should keep on hand a small stock of dressmaker's findings. These could be bought at wholesale prices and furnish a small profit when sold at regular rates.—Woman's Home Companion.

TOILET TIPS.

After the shampoo if the hair is stiff and dry rub olive oil into the roots.

Cucumbers, peeled, cut in slices and bound upon the face, will prove an excellent whitener.

For a red, oily nose anoint several times a day with a little diluted alcohol or witch hazel.

If the finger nails are filed daily little cutting is needed. This is an excellent plan to follow when the nails are brittle and break in the cutting.

For a discolored neck apply cucumbers cut in strips, binding on during the night. In the morning wash off and rub well with cold cream.

An economical and satisfactory cream for the hands is composed of equal portions of honey, mutton tallow (clarified) and lemon juice, melted together until of the consistency of cream.

Perfumes.

The use of any particular kind of perfume will always be a matter of individual taste, irrespective of the changes that sway the fashionable world from time to time. The few fastidious souls who have tried to persuade the world that it is exceedingly vulgar to admit any liking for sweet scents of any description have most ignominiously failed, as at no time has the popularity of sachets, toilet waters and highly priced extracts been greater than during the present season. The danger of going to excess in the use of a very decided odor is one that should be fully understood by any one who desires to refrain from offending her associates. Like everything else in life, too much is worse than none at all. A happy medium is what all should strive to reach.—Rochester Herald.

Plaster Ornaments.

Nothing takes the dust more freely than plaster objects, more or less artistic, which are the modest ornaments of our dwellings. They rapidly contract a yellow gray color of unpleasant appearance. Here is a practical method for restoring the whiteness: Take finely powdered starch, quite white, and make a thick paste with hot water. Apply when still hot with a flexible spatula or a brush on the plaster object. The layer should be quite thick. Let it dry slowly. On drying the starch will split and scale off. All the soiled parts of the plaster will adhere and be drawn off with the scales.

Table Linen.

In point of beauty of weave and finish Irish table linen ranks first, but German damask wears better. Unbleached linen is cheaper and more durable than bleached of the same quality, and it becomes beautifully white after it is washed and boiled a few times in a suds made by dissolving washing powder in soft hot water. Rinse well, hang on the line and let it dry in the sunshine. Hemmed napkins are preferable to fringed ones. While pure white is in vogue for centerpieces and doilies, we like the touch of brightness which the embroidery done with colored silks gives these pieces.

Rich Dairy District.

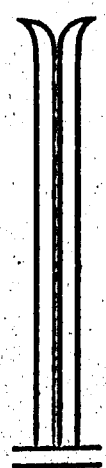
The Elgin dairy district produces upward of 44,000,000 pounds of butter annually, valued at \$11,000,000. In addition to this, over 6,000,000 pounds of cheese are made, estimated at \$500,000.

..Housecleaning Helps..

With the advent of spring comes the need of many things that drug stores sell. Here are a few things that help to make the task easy and others that you will need in packing away the winter clothing. Ammonia, Copperas, Moth Balls, Borax, Chloride of Lime, Bon Ami, Gasoline, Camphor, Silver Polish, Benzine, Methylated Spirits, Sponges, The liberal use of good disinfectants at this season will give very satisfactory results.

P. B. WILLITS & CO.
PRESCRIPTION DRUGGISTS

The New Firm



The undersigned having formed a partnership and erected a large and commodious warehouse on Barnard Ave. Kelowna, B. C., are prepared to supply the wants of the inhabitants of Kelowna, and surrounding country with all kinds of

Agricultural Implements, Buggies, Carriages, and Waggons

All of the best make. Also the celebrated Raymond Sewing Machines, Ellwood, Standard Fencing and Cypress Incubators. The Deering Binders, Mowers, and Rakes a specialty. A Call is respectfully solicited from all.

Elliott & Morrison

Miss Eva S. Reekie Auction Sale at Kelowna

Teacher of Pianorte, Theory and Vocal. Pupil of Moulton College and and Toronto Conservatory of Music. Arrangements have been made with the Toronto Conservatory of music to hold annual Local Centre Examinations at Kelowna, pupils can be advanced to the final year in Conservatory work, and thereby save the expense of going from home to obtain Diplomas in Primary Junior and Intermediate grades. Voice culture a specialty. Studio two doors south of Thomas Lawson's store Kelowna.

J. COLLINS

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND
GENERAL COMMISSION-AGENT.

Large list of all kinds of farm lands, town lots, house and business blocks, one large profitable business as a going concern. Also work teams, drivers, milk cows, and farm implements. Put your business in our hands, we are not personally interested in any large estate.

OFFICE—In K. S. U. building

Notice

NOTICE is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 488 acres, more or less, of Range Land, commencing at a point on the East side of Okanagan Lake, thence East 80 chains, thence South 50 chains, thence West 40 chains, thence North 40 chains, thence West 40 chains, following the North boundary of Property late in the occupation of A. B. Knox to a point on Okanagan Lake, thence following boundary of Lake to point of commencement.

F. WALLIS

Date Kelowna Feb. 10th 1905.

Notice.

Thirty days after date we intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to gazette a road commencing at a point near the new Mission creek bridge running thence south on the section line between sec. 9 and 8, township 26, to join the Gulch Road near the S. E. corner of the N. E. q. of Sec. 8, Township 26.

Ed. M. Carruthers, Mgr.
Kelowna Land & Orchard Co. Ltd.
T. G. Speer
Kelowna, March 1st, 1905

Mission Valley

Livery, Feed and
Sale Stable

Good Horses and Riggs always ready for the roads. Commercial men accommodation on short notice. Freight and Draying a specialty.

C. Blackwood, Prop.

Auction Sale at Kelowna

—ON—
Tuesday, April 4th, 1905

Richard J. Davies is instructed by Mr. J. M. Rutland to sell by Auction at his ranch on Tuesday, 4th April 1905, commencing at 9 a. m.

Live stock, Farming Implements, Household Furniture and Dairy utensils including 24 milch cows, 13 heifers, 7 yearling steers, 2 Durham bulls, 11 horses, 130 hogs and sows, binders, rakes, mowers, plows (gang and walking) harrows, truck, wagon, buggy, cutter, sleigh, harness, saddle, oats, wheat, and flax seed, and seed potatoes. Dining room, bed room, and kitchen furnishings and a variety of sundries. The stock is the equal of any in the Okanagan: the Furniture is of first class quality and is in almost new condition. On view day previous to sale

Auction starts with horses at 9 o'clock

LUNCH PROVIDED.

TERMS CASH

R. J. DAVIES,
Auctioneer Vernon.

Now on the Market!

That choice parcel of land
known as

The ROSE Block

which has recently been surveyed into convenient sized lots situated within the Kelowna town site.

HUGH S. ROSE

Kelowna Restaurant

First Class Meals by the
Day, Week, or Month at
Reasonable Rates.

C. Blackwood, Prop.

BORN

On Thursday, Mar. 30, at Kelowna, B. C. to Mr. and Mrs. J. Wirth of Hedley, B. C., a son.

See Finley before he leaves and have your sittings made for Photos.

Jas. Jones and H. Burtch have only about two tons of feed wheat left, which they are selling at \$33 per ton.

Jos. A. Nesbitt, Provincial Constable of Penticton, was in town several days this week, returning to Penticton on Wednesday. Mr. Nesbitt contemplates going into the real estate business shortly.

Portrait sittings by Finley, Photographer, at Kelowna Furniture Coy's carpet rooms for a few days more.

A. L. Bond, of Berry & Bond, real estate agents, Winnipeg, came up with the Manitoba excursionists on Monday last, and is taking a look through the Okanagan. He will be able to give a good report of Kelowna and the Mission Valley when he returns.

International Stock Food—the best—at Wallis.

There will be a committee meeting of the Agricultural and Trades Association in Raymer's Hall a week from next Tuesday at eight o'clock. Important business in connection with next summer's exhibition will be attended too.

W. R. Pooley, Manager of the Kelowna Land and Orchard Co. returned on Wednesday from his former home in Bath, England, where he has been spending the winter combining pleasure with business, but says he had a good time, and judging from his genial countenance, he evidently did.

Jim Bowes circulated a subscription list last week, for the purpose of securing funds to be expended in clearing up the park. The citizens responded generously, and Jim and his gang of employees have been doing good work. The proximity of the park to the lake is quite an advantage, and the place could be made one of the prettiest spots on the lake front.

Alex. Morrison, son of R. Morrison of this place, accompanied by his wife, arrived here from Wolesley, Assa. on Wednesday. He intends buying property in Kelowna, and for the present will occupy D. Leckie's house, from which the family of F. Simpson have moved.

Razor straps 25c. to 50c. at Wallis.

A. B. Cole, of Medicine Hat, Assa. has bought the 210 acre farm of G. E. Thompson for twenty thousand dollars, the deal being put through by Stillington & Fraser. This property was advertised for sale in the Clarion. Mr. Cole, who has been visiting various other places in the province, showed his good judgment by finally deciding to settle here, notwithstanding the high price of land. He intends moving here at once.

P. Dumoulin, in company with G. A. Henderson, Manager of the Bank of Montreal, Vernon, arrived on Wednesday to assume the management of the Kelowna branch. Mr. Dumoulin comes from Nelson, and his position in the bank there will be filled by H. G. Fisher, who has ably filled the position of Assistant Manager here since the opening of the branch. Mr. Fisher has won many friends during his stay here, by his courteous treatment of all with whom he has done business.

W. B. Finley, of Vernon, has been busy with his camera for the past few days and has obtained a number of excellent photos of the business blocks and residences, and also some interesting views of scenery in the vicinity.

The fine large two-story structure recently erected on Pendozi street by the Kelowna Club, has now been opened out for the accommodation of members and their friends. On the first floor are the smoking and billiard rooms, the later being equipped with a handsome large English billiard table. The reading and writing room upstairs has been luxuriantly furnished and contains files of the latest newspapers, and most popular English, American and Canadian Magazines. We understand the membership of the club is constantly increasing.

The Peoples' Store

Brisk . . In Footwear Selling

The last few days have witnessed a remarkable move in our Shoe Department, caused by the opening of our new spring stock which was bought before the advance in leather. In Ladies Oxfords and low slippers we have lines at \$1.65, 1.85, 2.00, 2.25, 2.50, that sell on sight. In Ladies Laced Shoes we have Three Specials at \$2.75, 3.50, 3.75, besides many other grades.

We have just passed into Stock

New Hosiery, New Kid Gloves,
New Underwear, New Blouses,
New Straw Sailors,
New Wrappers, New Dress Goods
New Ready-to-Wear Hats

New Ready Made Clothing,
New Felt Hats, New Caps,
New Negligee Shirts,
New Neckwear, New Braces
New Collars and Cuffs
New Overalls, etc., etc., etc.

A large consignment of Groceries has just arrived from the east and is being stocked at our well known low prices.

THOMAS LAWSON.

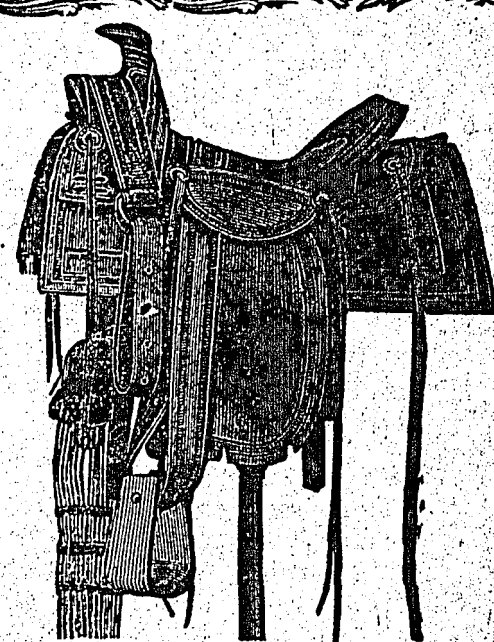
SADDLES

All kinds including Ladie's
"Astride." Mexican and English Side Saddles.

Will fit anything from a saw-horse to a night-mare.

Prices always right.

H. C. Cooper. Kelowna.



Apples for Sale,
Apply to J. L. PRIDHAM.

For Sale

Forty cords of cotton wood, half a mile from town, at \$2.50 per cord on ground. 30-4 HUGH ROSE.

For Sale

A carload of feed wheat, by Jas. Jones and Henry Burtch.

FOR SALE

A quantity of good seed spring wheat. 32-4t JOHN CARSORO.

Strayed

A Sorrel Filly, one year old, star on forehead, no brand visible—will be sold in thirty days if not claimed. Can be seen at J. McLellan's stables, Kelowna. 20, 21 '05. Hugh S. Rose, Agent for S.P.S.A.

South Okanagan Valley

Bureau of information of the South Okanagan Valley and for a list of property for sale, improved farms, Penticton T. S. Coy's lots, etc. Apply to

Wm. Smythe Parker.

General Real Estate Agent, who will always cheerfully give prompt and best attention to all inquires from intending investors.

PENTICTON, B. C.

Notice.

In the matter of the "Land Registry Act," and in the Matter to the title to the east part of Block numbered thirty-three (33), according to plan number 462.

WHEREAS Certificate of Title of Benjamin DeFurlong Boyce, being No. 1100 a, to the above hereditaments, has been lost or destroyed, and application has been made to me for a duplicate thereof.

NOTICE is hereby given that a duplicate Certificate of Title to the above hereditaments will be issued at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, unless in the meantime valid objection to the contrary be made to me in writing.

W. H. EDMONDS,
District Registrar, Kamloops,
Dated February 22nd, 1905. 31-7

Wm. Haug

Contracts taken for all kinds of Stone Work, Brick Work and Plastering. Just arrived a car of Coast Lime

KELOWNA, B. C.

Notice

SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and works, to gazette a road. Commencing at the South East corner of Lot 26 Plan 187, thence following as nerrly as possible the South line of Section 15 Tp 26 Osseyes Division of Yale, to the S. E. corner of Lot 16, Plan 187. Said road to take up 15 feet on each side of Section Line.

KELOWNA LAND & ORCHARD CO. LTD.
E. M. Carruthers Manager.
Kelowna, March 1st, 1905.